

**Turning a breech baby
in the womb**
(external cephalic version)



Obstetrics & Gynaecology

patient**information**

Turning a breech baby in the womb

What is breech?

Breech means that your baby is lying bottom first or feet first in the womb (uterus) instead of in the usual head first position. In early pregnancy breech is very common. As pregnancy continues, a baby usually turns by itself into the head first position. Between 37 and 42 weeks (term), most babies are lying head first, ready to be born.

What is external cephalic version (ECV)?

Vaginal breech birth is more complicated than normal birth. Your obstetrician or midwife may advise trying to turn your baby to a head-first position. This technique is called external cephalic version (ECV). This is when gentle pressure is applied on your abdomen which helps the baby turn a somersault in the womb to lie head first.

What is the main benefit of ECV?

ECV increases the likelihood of having a vaginal birth.

When can it be done?

ECV is usually tried after 36 weeks. Depending on your situation, ECV can be done right up until you give birth.

Does ECV always work?

ECV is successful for about half of all women (50%). Your obstetrician or midwife should give you information about your own individual chance of success. Relaxing the muscles of the womb with medication during an ECV is likely to improve the chance of success. This medication will not affect the baby. You can help by relaxing your abdominal (tummy) muscles.

If the baby does not want to turn, it is possible to have a second attempt on another day. If the baby does not turn after a second attempt, your obstetrician or midwife will discuss your options for birth (see RCOG Patient Information A breech baby at the end of pregnancy).

Is ECV safe for me and my baby?

ECV is generally safe and does not cause labour to begin. The baby's heart will be monitored before and after the ECV. Like any medical procedure, complications can sometimes occur. About one in 200 (0.5%) babies need to be delivered by emergency caesarean section immediately after an ECV because of bleeding from the placenta and/or changes in the baby's heartbeat. An ECV should be carried out in a place where the baby can be delivered by emergency caesarean section if necessary.

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ECV should not be carried out if:

- You need a caesarean section for other reasons
- You have had vaginal bleeding during the previous seven days
- The baby's heart rate tracing (also known as a CTG) is abnormal
- Your womb is not the normal pear-shape (some women have a womb which resembles a heart-shape, known as a bicornuate uterus)
- Your waters have broken before you go into labour (see RCOG Patient Information When your waters break early (preterm prelabour rupture of membranes))
- You are expecting twins or more (except before delivering the last baby).

Is ECV painful?

ECV can be uncomfortable. Tell your obstetrician or midwife if you are experiencing pain so they can move their hands or stop.

At home after ECV

You should telephone the hospital if you have bleeding, abdominal pain, contractions or reduced movements after ECV.

Is there anything else I can do to help my baby turn?

There is no scientific evidence that lying down or sitting in a particular position can help your baby to turn. Always ask if you are unsure or want further information.

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How to contact us

Greenoaks Ante-Natal Clinic

Telephone 01709 424347

Ward B10

Telephone 01709 424348

Labour Ward

Telephone 01709 424491

Switchboard

Telephone 01709 820000

Your local midwife and GP contact numbers will be on your handheld maternity notes.

Useful contact numbers

NHS Direct

Telephone 0845 4647

Health Info

Telephone 01709 427190

Stop Smoking Service

Telephone 01709 422444

Patient Services

Telephone 01709 424461

A&E

Telephone 01709 424455

For GP out of hours, contact your surgery

Useful websites

www.nhs.uk

www.direct.gov.uk

www.therotherhamft.nhs.uk

We value your comments

If you have any comments or concerns about the care we have provided please let us know, or alternatively you can write to:

Patient Services

The Rotherham NHS Foundation Trust

Rotherham Hospital

Moorgate Road

Oakwood

Rotherham

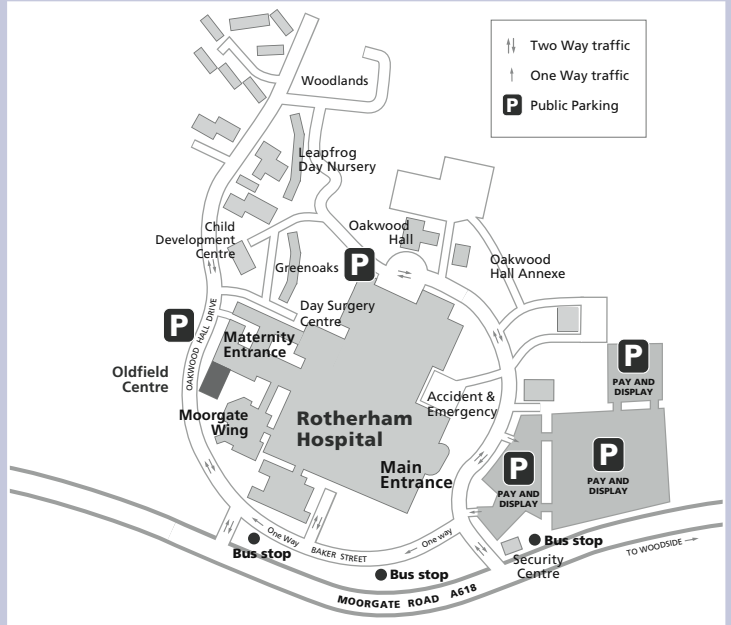
S60 2UD

Telephone 01709 424461

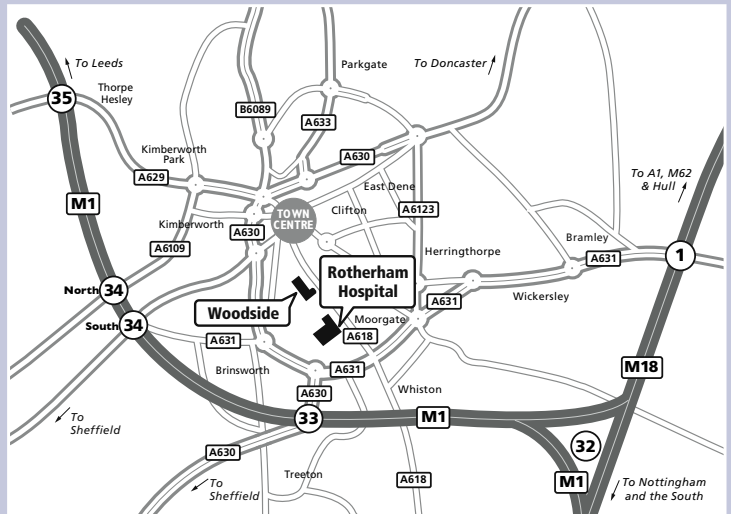
Email complaints@rothgen.nhs.uk

How to find us

Hospital site plan



Rotherham main routes





LS 590 11/12 V3 WFO



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